

MOTOR TRAIN GOES THROUGH BRIDGE; 15 DEAD

FORTY OTHERS INJURED; ONE OF THE DEAD IS AN OKLAHOMAN

HEAVY CAR, GOES END FIRST INTO WATER

CROWDED WITH TEACHERS GOING TO COUNTY ASSOCIATION MEETING

(By Associated Press.)

Kansas City, Oct. 15.—It is estimated that fifteen were killed and forty others injured when motor train No. 579, Union Pacific, plunged through a bridge at the approach over Fancy Creek, near Randolph, in Riley county, Kansas.

Terrific rains had washed away the abutment of the bridge. Most of the dead were drowned. The bridge itself did not give way, but when the heavy car struck the abutment it sank, and down, into nine feet of water and two or three of mud.

The train, which carried two cars, left Manhattan this morning for Marysville.

Among the seventy-five passengers was a big delegation of teachers going to the Riley county association meeting at Randolph.

Up to noon today but four bodies had been recovered. Three had been identified as Dr. Louis Atwood of Topeka, Alma Kjefflin of Garrison, Kansas and J. E. Woodward of Lawton, Okla.

But few persons in the wrecked car escaped injury. Conductor Knittle this afternoon estimated that thirteen passengers either lost their lives or did not report to him after the wreck.

SAYS ILLINOIS WILL BE CAMPAIGN BATTLEGROUND

Monmouth, Ill., Oct. 15.—Speaking at a Republican state rally here Senator Sherman declared that Illinois undoubtedly would be the real battleground of the 1916 presidential campaign, he said that he had reason to believe that the strategy of the campaign demanded that Illinois and not New York must be the chief doubtful state next year and that the vice presidential candidate with President Wilson must come somewhere west of Indiana.

HEAD OF STANFORD FORTY YEARS OF AGE

Stanford University, Cal., Oct. 15.—Appointment of Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, 40 years old, as president of Leland Stanford, Jr., university, said to be the most heavily endowed educational institution in the country was announced here today.

TAKE'S McCALL'S PLACE.
Washington, Oct. 15.—President Wilson has accepted the tender of John A. McCall's place, "Shadow Lawn," at Allerton, N. J., for a summer home.

THE WAR A YEAR AGO TODAY

Oct. 16, 1914.
Germans occupied Zeebrugge. First battle of Ypres began. Re-enforced allied north wing swung in on Lille and retook Arras.
Attempt of Germans to reach Dunkirk checked.
Germans at St. Mihiel forced back toward Alsatian border.
German-Austrian forces assumed the offensive between the Vistula and Galicia.
Serbs and Montenegrins defeated Austrians at Glazinsatz.
British cruiser Hawke sunk by German submarine.
British and Japanese warships bombarded Tsingtau fort.

Boston Gone Mad--Photo of 30,000 Outside Grounds an Hour After Game Began



This remarkable panoramic view of 30,000 baseball fans outside Braves Field in Boston, when the Red Sox and the Phillies played their fourth game of the world series, Tuesday.

They were photographed an hour after the game had begun and when there was no chance of getting in. But they were so enthusiastic they refused to go home. The police were powerless.

RURAL SCHOOL TEACHERS MEET HERE TODAY

PLANS FOR "EDUCATIONAL MEETINGS" FORMULATED; LARGE ATTENDANCE

Many teachers from over the county are in Guthrie today attending the association meeting. The meetings are being held in the Sun Room at Municipal Bath.

The following program was carried out at the morning session:

MUSIC: Selected Roll Call.

Discussion: Organizations for General Rural School Improvement and How They May Be Made Beneficial.

James Rollins Orlando Bee Crystal Navina R. E. Borgman Crescent Wm. Leon Baker Mulhall L. M. Graves Coyle Leona Kieffer.

Lines of Co-Operation Between the City School and the Rural Schools. Supt. Thos. Scott, Guthrie Address.—Perils of the Poorly Educated.—Dr. J. H. Bowers, A. & M. College, Stillwater.

Nearly all of the rural teachers in the county are present at today's meeting of the association. Plans will be formulated at the meeting today for educational meetings to be held in every township in the county during November. From 6 to 20 schools will participate in each meeting.

Miss Doolittle, county superintendent, who has advocated the "Educational Meetings" has arranged her official work so she will be able to attend each of the district meetings. "I am certainly gratified at the splendid showing so far made by the rural schools of the county. All of them are making records," said Miss Doolittle today.

VAST INCREASE IN COTTON SPINNING NOW

Washington, Oct. 15.—The report issued by the census bureau shows that during the past month over a million more cotton spindles were active than during the same month a year ago. The report also shows increased consumption and a larger quantity of cotton in storage than during the corresponding period a year ago.

Exclusive oflinters, the amount of cotton consumed in September was 498,219 running bales as compared with 414,864 bales in September, 1914. According to the report the total amount held in consuming establishments on September 30 was 1,089,619 bales against 76,812 on the same date last year. On the same date there were in public storage 2,796,500 bales against 1,663,625 so held last year. The total number of cotton spindles in operation during the month was 31,295,104 as compared with 30,307,184 last year.

VILLA, REBEL LEADER, IS SHOT BY OWN MEN

CASAS GRANDES GARRISON REVOLVED WHEN ORDERS COMRADE SHOT

BULLETIN: (By Associated Press.)

El Paso, Oct. 15.—The report that Villa had been executed by his own men was verified this afternoon. The execution took place outside the walls of Casas Grandes.

El Paso, Oct. 15.—Reports that have been current for twelve hours that Pancho Villa had been arrested by his own men at Casas Grandes, convicted and put to death, could not be confirmed.

Messages from Villa, in his private code, were received at Juarez at four o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The trouble is said to have followed efforts of Gen. Villa to force a loan of money from a comrade. When the latter refused, Villa ordered him shot, thereupon the garrison revolted.

CARRANZA WILL BE RECOGNIZED NEXT WEEK

Washington, Oct. 15.—Pan-American and the U. S. Commission will meet early next week to pass on the Mexican case. Carranza will be recognized. It is thought the South American representatives will be unanimous in their decision on this score.

JUPITER PLUVIUS PUT CONCERT ON BLINK

BOOSTER CLUB HOLD MEETING, HOWEVER, AND ARRANGE FOR INDOOR CONCERTS

On account of the inclement weather last night, the free concert to be given by the Booster Band was postponed. While arrangements had been made to render the same in the auditorium of the city hall, should the weather prove to be too cool for an outdoor concert, yet the steady onslaughts of Jupiter Pluvius throughout the evening, were such as to cause the postponement until a later date.

However, the committee designed at the last meeting of the Young Men's Booster Club to investigate the feasibility of giving indoor concerts during the winter months, and to arrange for the holding of the same, braved the downpouring elements and held a meeting last night.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CONTRACT FOR BIG LOAN RATIFIED

New York, Oct. 15.—The \$500,000, 900 Anglo-French credit loan contract was signed late Friday. Three words, "Reading of Erlagh" from a pen in the hand of Lord Reading, chairman of the Anglo-French commission, bound the British Empire to its terms. France was bound by the signatures of Octave Homberg and Ernest Mallet and J. P. Morgan's signature bound the American end of the compact.

BULGARIANS CUT RAILROAD COMMUNICATIONS

FRENCH AND TEUTON TANGLE IN FIERCE BATTLE IN LORRAINE

(By Associated Press.)

Athens, Oct. 15.—Forty thousand Bulgarians with heavy artillery, it is reported, have begun an attack on the Harde bridge, between Valandovo, on the railroad running from Saloniki into Serbia, and Hlovdovo. The Bulgarians, apparently were attempting to cut off railway communication, to prevent the Entente Allies from forwarding troops and supplies for the assistance of the Serbians.

French Hold Fast in Lorraine.

Paris, Oct. 15.—French forces today repulsed several counter attacks in Lorraine against trenches occupied by them, was officially announced. The battles of yesterday resulted in victory for the allies.

Diplomats to Leave Greece.

Amsterdam, Oct. 15.—According to a dispatch from Athens to the Cologne Gazette, Russian and Italian ministers have prepared to leave Greece.

Russia Declares Against Bulgaria.

Petrograd, Oct. 15.—That Russia regarded herself in a state of war with Bulgaria from the moment the

(Continued on Page Five.)

DRAW FOR LINDSEY.

Denver, Oct. 15.—The jury in the Ben Lindsey libel case disagreed.

JUSTICE LAMAR ILL.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Justice J. R. Lamar is seriously ill.

QUIET AT CHARLESTON.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 15.—Dispatches on the shooting here ended. S. J. Cohen, reporter, was killed and four men shot and seriously injured. The city is quiet.

NISSLEY TELLS OF HIS TRIP TO PANAMA ZONE

GUTHRIE BOY ON ARMY TRANSPORT ENROUTE TO MANILA

An account of the slide in the Panama canal and of an interesting trip from Galveston to Manila, on the army transport, "Buford," is given in a letter to home folks written by John Nissley, son of Mayor Nissley. The letter reads:

U. S. A. T. "Buford," Cristobal, Canal Zone, October 6th, 1915. Dear Folks: It was just 4:00 p. m. of the 29th of September when the regimental band of the 27th Infantry struck up "Old Lang Syne," "Dixie," "Tipperary" and the national airs and the U. S. A. T. "Buford" backed out of the slip at pier 12, at Galveston. At 5:18 we dropped our pilot and the Buford started her own course toward Panama in charge of Captain Stevenson. The Gulf was just rough enough to give a slight up and down motion to my desk as I sat writing. The first thing to catch my eye when I got on deck that morning was the deep blue of the water which had changed color over night. To say the least it was refreshing to me after living over the dirty waters of Galveston Bay for nearly two months littered with the refuse from the galleys of the ships in port.

The children on board seemed to stand the first day fine. When I came up from luncheon three little fellows between the ages of three and five were playing hide and seek in the office. They were having a fine time together and I hated to tell them that

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DUCK SEASON OPENS; LOCAL SPORTSMEN ARE OFF

HONK, HONK, AND QUACK, QUACK ALLURING TO EARS OF THE HUNTER

The open season, federal and state is now on for duck shooting and the call of the wild has reached Guthrie citizens. A party composed of Bert Coughlan, president of the chamber of commerce, John and Rene Purrow, Guy Fuller of Oklahoma City and several from Cushing will depart Sunday morning for the Salt Plains of Alfalfa county, where the fall flight of ducks and geese has commenced in earnest. Federal game law placed a closed season on duck shooting in the spring, but is now open for fall shooting. Teal ducks are reported to be on the "plains" in flocks of thousands; the big Mallard will come later. These migratory birds feed and remain on the plains until winter, when they will go far.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

THOUSANDS WITNESS DEATH OF MURDERER

JOE DEBERRY, NEGRO, SLAYER OF MRS. J. H. MARTIN, HANGED

SON OF SLAIN WOMAN WANTED TO SPRING TRAP

CRIME WAS ONE OF MOST REVOLTING IN HISTORY OF ILLINOIS

(By Associated Press.)

Murphysboro, Ill., Oct. 15.—Joe Deberry, negro, was hanged today for the murder of Mrs. J. H. Martin. A great crowd was in town, clamoring for admission, but only two thousand were admitted within the stockade to witness the execution.

History of the Case.

Mrs. James H. Martin, wife of a well known attorney of southern Illinois, was murdered at her home here on the afternoon of July 30, 1915, by Joe Deberry, a negro whose parole from the state reformatory she had obtained.

The crime was committed, according to the negro's story, after Mrs. Martin had refused to give him fifty cents. Deberry, angry, followed Mrs. Martin to her room and beat her to death with a poker.

The crime was discovered about an hour after it was committed, and Deberry was arrested as a suspect. To prevent mob violence, the sheriff took him first to Marion, Ill., then to Carmi, and then to Harrisburg, the mob following in automobiles. A pretense of taking the prisoner from Harrisburg also was made, but in fact he was kept there until he was brought to Murphysboro for his trial.

While in the Harrisburg jail, Deberry confessed.

On Sunday, August 29, Deberry was smuggled out of the Harrisburg jail under the protection of three companies of the Illinois National Guard and taken to Murphysboro for trial. The guardsmen were on duty at the court house the following day when the case was called, but no trouble resulted.

Deberry pleaded guilty, but the presiding judge would not accept the plea until Deberry had consulted counsel, and as Deberry had no attorney, the court designated one to represent him.

After consultation with his attorney, Deberry again pleaded guilty and was sentenced to be hanged on October 16, 1915.

Less than three weeks after the murder of his wife, James H. Martin died. His death was attributed largely to shock caused by the tragedy.

A son of Mrs. Martin asked the sheriff to allow him to spring the trap when Deberry was hanged but the sheriff denied this request. More than 5,000 persons asked permission to witness the execution.

THE WEATHER



Copyright, 1914, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

(By Associated Press.)

New Orleans, La., Oct. 15.—Tonight partly cloudy, showers. Sunday generally fair.

VICIOUS TURKS SELL WOMEN INTO SLAVERY

CIVILIZED WOMEN AND CHILDREN FLAYED WITH WHIPS AND OUTRAGED

London, Oct. 15.—There is only one power that can stop the Armenian atrocities and that is Germany," declared Viscount Bryce at a meeting today at the Mansion House, in support of the Lord Mayor's fund in aid of the Armenian sufferers. He declared the only remedy was to bring the pressure of world opinion, particularly of neutral opinion to bear on Germany and force her to take action.

Viscount Bryce, who proposed a resolution condemning the reported atrocities, paid tribute to the intelligence and progressiveness of the Armenians, who, he declared, were far superior to the Mohammedans, and he declared the case was not so much one of religious fanaticism as it was of deliberate extermination of a people of whom the Turks were envious.

The horrors of the massacre exceeded anything in the history of persecutions, declared the speaker. Women and children, he said, had been driven across the Arabian desert with whips by the Turks, who went mad at Trebizond, carried their victims out to sea in boats and drowned them.

"Women, many of whom were as highly civilized as any of us," he declared, "had been sold into slavery where they were Mohammedanized." He declared untrue the excuse offered by the Germans for the Turks to the effect that Armenians had rebelled, the speaker declaring that the Armenians were quiet and inoffensive until forced to defend themselves. In ascending the resolution Cardinal Bourne said that the evidence was so strong that even Germany was not able to deny the massacres.

HOW WE RANK ON STATE HIGHWAYS

Oklahoma spent \$5,375,000 for road work last year, according to the report just issued by highway division department of agriculture at Washington. The state is credited with a total of 500 miles of surfaced roads out of a total of 71,325 miles of public road in the state. The state has spent a total of \$23,333 to date and has a fund of \$15,000 available for work in 1915. Thirteen states do special road work solely under state supervision, sixteen have joint funds. So far Oklahoma has not been rated in either of these classes and ranks very low in the good roads scale. Four states have less surfaced roads and forty-four have more. New York leads and California is second in the amount of state money expended on roads and Wyoming and Delaware are the lowest in the total amount of all road funds expended.